Palmer CE Webinar 2020 Quiz Law: When a Crisis becomes a Crisis

**1. Which drug(s) which have been most responsible for overdose deaths in the U.S.?**

A. Heroin

B. Synthetic opioids like fentanyl

C. Prescription opioids

**2. What trend do experts expect to see with regard to the number of drug overdoses during the pandemic year 2020?**

A. Increase relative to 2019

B. Decrease relative to 2019

C. Remain about the same as 2019

**3. Which of the following factors is NOT associated with increased susceptibility to a fatal drug overdose in patients with COVID-19?**

1. Compromised lung function from COVID-19 and chronic respiratory disease
2. Compromised cardiovascular function associated with COVID-19
3. Anti-viral drugs used to treat COVID-19 patients

**4. What demographic group is disproportionately most likely to start or increase substance use to cope with pandemic-related stress or emotions?**

1. Patients 65 and older
2. Men aged 18-24
3. Unpaid caregivers caring for an adult with COVID-19

**5. Which drug has accounted for the largest increase in drug overdose deaths following the emergence of the pandemic?**

1. Fentanyl
2. Cocaine
3. Prescription opioids

**6. Social-isolation limitations and lockdowns complicated treatment for people who struggle with addiction disorders and for the organizations that provide services during the pandemic. Which of the following factors contributed?**

1. Overall, stress decreased since people could work from home
2. Addiction support groups were exempt from stay-at-home orders
3. Border and other restrictions lead to drug shortage and price hikes

**7. What did the American Medical Association (AMA) recommend should happen during the pandemic?**

1. Implement stricter limits on prescribing of opioids in all states
2. Designate buprenorphine and methadone as “essential services”
3. Increase the use of drug testing for prison inmates on parole

**8. Kansas has implemented “work-at-home” regulations during the pandemic. Which of the following is NOT part of their regulations?**

1. Technicians can enter prescriptions remotely at any time
2. A pharmacist may supervise a technician who is working remotely but must be physically present at the pharmacy when doing so
3. An intern may work remotely but any time spent remotely working would not count towards the hours required for licensure

**9. Which of the following is a change in the DEA regulations in response to the pandemic?**

1. The requirement for a follow-up original prescription for an oral emergency C-II prescription has been extended from 7 days to 10 days.
2. The follow-up original prescription for an oral emergency C-II prescription must be electronically submitted.
3. Authorized practitioners may prescribe buprenorphine after a phone interview with patients who have addiction problems.

**10. What is the permitted technician to pharmacist ratio during the pandemic in Indiana?**

1. 3 to 1
2. 6 to 1
3. 8 to 1