When a Disaster Strikes: Access to Medications?

**1. Which type of event would be classified as a minor disaster?**

1. Earthquake
2. Tsunami
3. Power outage

**2. There is a major thunderstorm with wind damage in the town you work in as a community pharmacist. The power is out at one of the major hubs and the independent pharmacy in town in closed. A major retail chain in the next town over has power, and a patient presents to the major retail chain with a bottle of warfarin for a refill. Which recommendation is the best in refilling this prescription?**

 a. Turn the patient away

 b. Provide the patient with a 3 day supply of the medication

 c. Send the patient to the emergency room for a new script

**3. What is a social and technical system by which demand is identified, targeted, and fulfilled?**

 a. Supply chain

 b. Major disaster

 c. National Stockpile

**4. Which resource is the best to assist in the determination of which medication would be available through relief efforts in times of disaster?**

 a. Google

 b. Third party vendors

 c. Strategic National Stockpile website

**5. Which rationale is a reason for completing an assessment in preparation for a disaster?**

 a. Apportion of resources

 b. Create numerous interventions

 c. Report only to command

 d. Development of one disaster policy

**6. Which population would be considered a vulnerable population to consider during a needs assessment?**

 a. Disabled

 b. Middle aged men

 c. Technicians

**7. Which task needs to be completed when initiating an assessment in preparation for a disaster?**

 a. A SWOT analysis

 b. Creation of numerous interventions

 c. Identification of leadership positions

**8. How would you classify a person with limited to no medications who is also at risk of withdrawal symptoms during a disaster?**

 a. Member of a vulnerable population

 b. Part of a Drug Refugee population

 c. Person who is substance dependent

**9. Which recommendation should be made to a patient who is likely to experience a disaster?**

 a. Avoid stockpiling medications as they can expire quickly

 b. Don’t keep an extra supply outside of the home

 c. Carry a current medication list at all times

 d. Wait to go to the pharmacy until the disaster is imminent

**10. Which recommendation should be made to a provider who is likely to have patients experience a disaster?**

 a. Schedule all blood draws normally to avoid scaring patients

 b. Provide all patients with a personal contact number to reach you during the emergency

 c. Provide patients with an updated medication list